

COUNTRY DATA: Indonesia : Information from the CIA World Factbook

INTRODUCTION

The Dutch began to colonize Indonesia in the early 17th century; Japan occupied the islands from 1942 to 1945. Indonesia declared its independence after Japan's surrender, but it required four years of intermittent negotiations, recurring hostilities, and UN mediation before the Netherlands agreed to transfer sovereignty in 1949. Free and fair legislative elections took place in 1999 after decades of repressive rule. Indonesia is now the world's third most populous democracy, the world's largest archipelagic state, and home to the world's largest Muslim population. Current issues include: alleviating poverty, improving education, preventing terrorism, consolidating democracy after four decades of authoritarianism, implementing economic and financial reforms, stemming corruption, holding the military and police accountable for human rights violations, addressing climate change, and controlling infectious diseases, particularly those of global and regional importance. In 2005, Indonesia reached a historic peace agreement with armed separatists in Aceh, which led to democratic elections in Aceh in December 2006. Indonesia continues to face low intensity armed resistance by the separatist Free Papua Movement.

GEOGRAPHY

Location	Southeastern Asia, archipelago between the Indian Ocean and the Pacific Ocean
Area	total: 1,904,569 sq km
Climate	tropical; hot, humid; more moderate in highlands
Natural Resources	petroleum, tin, natural gas, nickel, timber, bauxite, copper, fertile soils, coal, gold, silver
Total Renewable Water Resources	2,838 cu km (1999)
Freshwater Withdrawal	total: 82.78 cu km/yr (8%/1%/91%) per capita: 372 cu m/yr (2000)
Natural Hazards	occasional floods; severe droughts; tsunamis; earthquakes; volcanoes; forest fires
Environmental Issues	deforestation; water pollution from industrial wastes, sewage; air pollution in urban areas; smoke and haze from forest fires

PEOPLE

Population	245,613,043 (July 2011 est.)
Ethnic Groups	Javanese 40.6%, Sundanese 15%, Madurese 3.3%, Minangkabau 2.7%, Betawi 2.4%, Bugis 2.4%, Banten 2%, Banjar 1.7%, other or unspecified 29.9% (2000 census)
Religions	Muslim 86.1%, Protestant 5.7%, Roman Catholic 3%, Hindu 1.8%, other or unspecified 3.4%

	(2000 census)
Languages	Bahasa Indonesia (official, modified form of Malay), English, Dutch, local dialects (the most widely spoken of which is Javanese)
Literacy Rate	definition: age 15 and over can read and write total population: 90.4% male: 94% female: 86.8% (2004 est.)
Major Infectious Diseases	degree of risk: high food or waterborne diseases: bacterial diarrhea, hepatitis A and E, and typhoid fever vectorborne diseases: chikungunya, dengue fever, and malaria <i>note:</i> highly pathogenic H5N1 avian influenza has been identified in this country; it poses a negligible risk with extremely rare cases possible among US citizens who have close contact with birds (2009)
GOVERNMENT	
Type	republic
Independence	17 August 1945 (declared); 27 December 1949 (by the Netherlands)
Constitution	August 1945
Legal System	based on Roman-Dutch law, substantially modified by indigenous concepts and by new criminal procedures and election codes; has not accepted compulsory ICJ jurisdiction
ECONOMY	
Agricultural Products	rice, cassava (tapioca), peanuts, rubber, cocoa, coffee, palm oil, copra; poultry, beef, pork, eggs
Industries	petroleum and natural gas, textiles, apparel, footwear, mining, cement, chemical fertilizers, plywood, rubber, food, tourism
Import commodities	machinery and equipment, chemicals, fuels, foodstuffs
Import Partners	Singapore 24.96%, China 12.52%, Japan 8.92%, Malaysia 5.88%, South Korea 5.64%, US 4.88%, Thailand 4.45% (2009)
Export Commodities	oil and gas, electrical appliances, plywood, textiles, rubber
Export Partners	Japan 17.28%, Singapore 11.29%, US 10.81%, China 7.62%, South Korea 5.53%, India 4.35%, Taiwan 4.11%, Malaysia 4.07% (2009)
Per Capita GDP	\$4,300 (2010 est.)

Population below poverty line	13.33% (2010)
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*CITATIONS: All information included above is extracted from the CIA World Factbook except where noted.

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General	
Life Expectancy at Birth (in years)	71.5
Average number of years in School (in years)	5.7
Gross National Income Per Capita (In US Dollars)	3,957
Gender Inequality	
Female Seats in Parliament (%)	11.6
Population with at least a Secondary Education Female (% Of 25 and older)	24.2
Population with at least a Secondary Education Male (% Of 25 and older)	31.1
Labor Force Participation Female (%)	53.3
Labor Force Participation Male (%)	86.2
Births Attended by Skilled Health Professionals (%)	73
Poverty	
Population surviving on \$1.25 per day (%)	29.4
Empowerment	
Number of Journalists Imprisoned	0
Corruption Victims (% of people who face a bribe situation in the last year)	4
Political Engagement (% percent of people who voiced opinion to public officials)	11

Sustainability	
Fossil Fuels as Primary Energy Source (%)	69
Renewable Resources as Primary Energy Source (%)	31
Population without Access to Water (%)	20
Population Without Access to Sanitation Services (%)	48
Population affected by natural disasters (% between 2000-2009)	<.01
Human Security	
Number of Refugees leaving this country	19,300
Number of Internally Displaced People in This Country	70,000-120,00
Prevalence of Undernourishment (%)	16
Demographics	
Urban Residents (% of total Population)	44.3
Health	
HIV Prevalence in Female Youth (% ages 15-24)	.1
HIV Prevalence in Male Youth (% ages 15-24)	.3
HIV Prevalence in Adults (% ages 15-49)	.2
Other	
Official Development Assistance Per Capita (in US dollars)	5.40
Population without Electricity (%)	35.7

